03/23/1988 16:01 KOPPERS CO. PGH. PA. 2 412 227 2911

RODUCT NAME: MIL-P-19538C Class 2 (36231 Gray)

SECTION X - REACTIVITY DATA

ONDITIONS CONTRIBUTING TO INSTABILITY; Stable

NC PATABILITY: Heat, sparks, open flame

IAZARDOUS REACTIONS/DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide ipon thermal decomposition.

CONDITIONS CONTRIBUTING TO HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: None ______

SECTION XI - PHYSICAL DATA

301 NG POINT: ND

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: ND

MELTING POINT: ND

% VOLATILE BY VOL: ND

VAPOR PRESSURE: ND

EVAPORATION RATE(ETHER=1): ND

VAPOR DENSITY(AIR=1):>1

VISCOSITY: ND

SOLUBILITY negligible

PH: ND

(WATER):

VOC: ND

APPEARANCE/ODOR: Gray viscous liquid with typical solvent odor. _______

SECTION XII - COMMENTS

Individual with pre-existing disease in or a history of ailments involving the eyes, skin, respiratory tract, central nervous system are at a greater than normal risk of developing adverse effects when exposed to this material.

The National Toxicology Program (NTP) has termed that there is sufficient evidence for the carcinogenicity of di(2-ethylhexyl)-phthalate in experimental animals. DEHP given in the diet produced an increased incidence of hepatocellular carcinomas in male and female rats.

Airborne particulates may be generated during removal operations including abrasive blasting, sanding or grinding. SEE SECTION III AND VII. EMPTY CONTAINERS may retain product residue including flammable or

explosive vapors. Do not cut, drill, grind or weld on or near full, partially

full or empty product containers.

No known ingredients which occur at greater than 0.1%, other than those listed above, are listed as a carcinogen in the IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Humans, the NTP Annual Report on Carcinogens or OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1001-1047 subpart Z Toxic and Hazardous Substances (Specifically Regulated Substances).

SKIN PROTECTION (protective material): Permeation/degradation values of chemical mixtures cannot be predicted from pure components or chemical classes. Thus, these materials are normally best estimates based on available pure component data. A significant difference in chemical breakthrough time has been reported for generically similar gloves from different manufacturers (AIHA J., 48, 941-947 1987).

Do not use until manufacturer's precautions have been read/understood. Went exposed areas promptly and thoroughly after skin contact and before eating, drinking, using tobacco products or rest rooms.

Do not wear contact lens without proper eye protection when using this

product.

OTICE: While the information and recommendations set forth herein are believed to be accurate as of the date hereof, Koppers Company makes no warranty with respect thereto and disclaims all liability from reliance thereon.



SECTION IX - PERSONAL HANDLING INSTRUCTIONS

AN ING: Avoid prolonged or repeated breathing of vapors, mists or fumes. Ivoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin or eyes. Handle and use in accordance with OSHA 29CFR1910.106/local codes. Observe good personal hygiene practices and recommended procedures. Spray paint in accordance with OSHA 29 OFR 1910.107.

3TORAGE: Store in areas/buildings designed to comply with OSHA 1910.106. Keep in a closed, labeled container within a cool (well shaded), dry -ventilated area. Protect from physical damage. Keep containers closed when material is not in use. Maintain good housekeeping.

JTHER: Ground and bond drums. Do not use pressure to empty drums. Do not wear contaminated clothing. Discard contaminated footwear. Uncontrolled spray application: complete skin/respiratory protection. Keep away from heat and open flame. See SECTION XII (COMMENTS) for additional information.

RODUCT NAME: MIL-P-19538C Class 2 (36231 Gray)

SECTION VII - RECOMMENDED EXPOSURE LIMIT/HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS *

XPOSURE LIMIT (PRODUCT):

*OSHA-PEL 200 ppm, 300 ppm (ceiling), 500 ppm (10 min peak); NIOSH -

pm (10 Hr TWA), 200 ppm (10 min peak)

**NIOSH - reduce exposure to lowest feasible limit

***NIOSH - 400 ppm (10 Hr TWA), 800 ppm (15 min ceiling)

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS	CAS NUMBER	PERCENT	EXPOSURE	LIMIT	(PPM;MG/M3);
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	1338-23-4	<30	ACGIH-TLV	200	590
rechy' Long' Recone			ACGIH-STE	- + +	885
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	110-43-0	<10	ACGIH-TLV	50	235
Toluene	108-88-3	< 10	ACGIH-TLV	100	375
			ACGIH-STE	150	560

110-19-0 <5 Isobutyl Acetate ACGIH-TLV 150 700 875 ACGIH-STEL 187 OSHA-PEL 150 700

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether ACGIH-TLV 120 (skin) 111-76-2 < 5 Dioctyl Phthalate** 117-81-7 < 5 ACGIH-TLV -10 ACGIH-STEL -5

OSHA-PEL Titanium Dioxide 13463-67-7 <10 ACGIH-TLV -10 15 OSHA-PEL -ACGIH-TLV -2 Talc 14807-96-6 <10

20mppcf OSHA-PEL Am Thous Silicon Dioxide 68855-54-9 < 5 ACGIH-TLV -10 OSHA-PEL -20mppcf

Isopropyl Alcohol*** 67-63-0 <5 ACGIH-TLV 400 980 ACGIH-STEL 500 1225 OSHA-PEL

SECTION VIII - PERSONAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

EYE PROTECTION: Industrial safety glasses, minimum. When needed for 29 CFR 1910.133 (work area conditions), use side shields, goggles and/or faceshield. Chemical goggles: face shield (if splashing is possible).

SKIN PROTECTION:

As required, industrial resistant flexible-type gloves (heavy-duty neoprene or equal - see Section XII).

Wear industrial-type work clothing and safety footwear.

Depending on working conditions, i.e., contact potential, wear resistant protective garments such as head/neck cover, aprons, jackets, pants, coveralls, boots, etc.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: If ventilation does not maintain inhalation exposures below PEL(TLV), use MSHA/NIOSH approved units as per current 29 CFR 1910.134, Instructions/Warnings and NIOSH-Respirator Decision Logic-Pub.#87.108. If within OSHA protection factor, air purifying OV/filter units OK.

VF TLATION: Provide sufficient general/local exhaust ventilation in pa-dern/volume to control inhalation exposures below current exposure limits and areas below flammable vapor concentrations. Local exhaust is necessary for use in enclosed or confined spaces. See OSHA requirements/NIOSH publication 87-113 "...Confined Spaces".

SECTION IV - EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

IYE CONTACT: Immediately flush with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Seek . iedical aid.

姚In CONTACT: Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If persistent irritation occurs, seek medical aid. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

INHALATION: Remove from exposure. If breathing has stopped or is difficult, administer artificial respiration or oxygen as indicated. Seek medical aid.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Give 1 glass of milk or 1 to 2 oz (30 to 50g) of activated charcoal in water to victim as tolerated. Immediately seek nedical aid. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: There is no specific antidote for effects from overexposure to this material. Treatment should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition.

SECTION V - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD INFORMATION

FLASH POINT & METHOD: -5 C/23 F

AUTOIGNITION TEMP: ND

FLAMMABLE LIMITS (% BY VOLUME/AIR):

LOWER: ND

UPPER: ND

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, water spray, alcohol or universal type foams as per manufacturer's recommendations. Water may be ineffective.

FI/F-FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Wear complete fire service protective equipment, in uding full-face MSHA/NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus. Use water to cool fire-exposed container/structure/protect personnel.

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Heat/fire conditions: vapors form flammable/explosive mixtures in air. Vapors heavy, may travel(ground, pit, sewer) to ignition source-flash. Open/closed containers may contain flammable/explosive vapors. Under fire conditions, may emit irritant/toxic gas and/or fumes. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat(fire).

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SECTION VI - SPILL, LEAK AND DISPOSAL INFORMATION

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES (PRODUCT): Stop spill/leak if no risk involved. Eliminate ALL sources of ignition. Ventilate area. Avoid breathing vapors. Avoid contact with hot liquid and fumes. Take up carefully to avoid heat and sparks. Use an inert absorbent to complete a clean-up. This material reacts with oxidizing materials. The reportable quantity is This product released into the environment must be reported to the National Response Center (1 800-424-8802). The reportable quantity (RQ) is triggered when any amount is released from a package of 21.88 or more pounds

DOT REPORTABLE QUANTITIES

1000 lbs. Toluene 5000 lbs. Methyl Ethyl Ketone

WASTE DISPOSAL: Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

03/23/1988 15:59 KOPPERS CO. PGH. PA. 2 412 227 2911 WEDICAL EMERGENCIES: 1 800-333-3001

KOPPERS ATERIAL AFETY

IN PENNSYLVANIA: 1 800-323-6571

OUTSIDE" U.S.A.

412-227-2000 .

CHEMTREC ASSISTANCE: 1 800-424-9300

OPPERS COMPANY, INC. 36(EVENTH AVENUE ITTSBURGH, PA. 15219

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HEET

CUSTOMER SERVICE: 1 800-556-7737 医医结束 电电阻电阻 医克克氏氏 医克克氏氏 医克尔氏氏 医埃尔氏氏 经现代股份 化二苯甲基苯甲基苯甲基

SECTION I - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

***************** RODUCT NAME: MIL-P-19538C Class 2 (36231 Gray)

COMMODITY NUMBER:

3YNONYM: L1488-66

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Nitrocellulose Lacquer

FORMULA: Mixture

CAS NUMBER: None

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Paint

DOT HAZARD CLASS: Flammable liquid

UN/NA NUMBER: UN 1263

SECTION II - HEALTH/SAFETY ALERT

WARNING

FLAMMABLE

MAY CAUSE IRRITATION TO SKIN AND EYES AVOID PROLONGED OR REPEATED BREATHING OF VAPOR USE WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION

AVOID PROLONGED AND/OR REPEATED CONTACT

OBSERVE GOOD HYGIENE AND SAFETY PRACTICES WHEN HANDLING THIS PRODUCT DO NOT USE THIS PRODUCT UNTIL MSDS HAS BEEN READ AND UNDERSTOOD

SECTION III - HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION

EYE: Direct contact or contact with vapors may cause irritation.

SKIN: Prolonged and/or repeated contact may cause defatting characterized by dermatitis, dryness, cracking or blistering. May be absorbed through the skin leading to systemic effects.

INHALATION: Prolonged and/or repeated inhalation of high concentrations of vapors may cause central nervous system depression characterized by headache, dizziness, nausea, weakness, fatigue and possible collapse. Prolonged and/or repeated inhalation of airborne particulate may cause lung changes.

INGESTION: May cause gastrointestinal disturbances. Aspiration of this product into the lung may cause chemical pneumonitis which may be fatal.

REVISION DATE: 03/88

CODE NUMBER: CTG04809MR8800

SPECIFICATION SHEET NUMBER:

COMMODITY NUMBER:

REPLACES SHEET: NA



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